NOAA's National Weather Service

Basic Concepts of Severe Storm Spotting

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Housekeeping Duties

- How many new spotters? first spotter class & you want to be a spotter? please raise your hand.
- Representative at each location get the beancounts and email them to rusty.kapela@noaa.gov
- Spotter Slide Sets on the SkyWarn Page on the Milwaukee/Sullivan web site. www.weather.gov/mkx
- <u>Utilize search engines and You Tube</u> for videos.
 Caution some material labeled incorrectly!





National Weather Service
Protecting Lives and Property













Class Agenda

- > 1) Why we are here?
- > 2) National Weather Service Structure/Role
- > 3) Role of Spotters
- > 4) Type and format of reports
- > 5) Thunderstorm structure
- 6) Funnels, Tornadoes, "Fake-Nado's"
- > 7) SkyWarn Spotter page









Why Are We Here?



National Weather Service's role

Issue warnings & provide training

MASA & MidWest SSTRC's role

Assist NWS & provide training (community outreach!)

Spotter's role

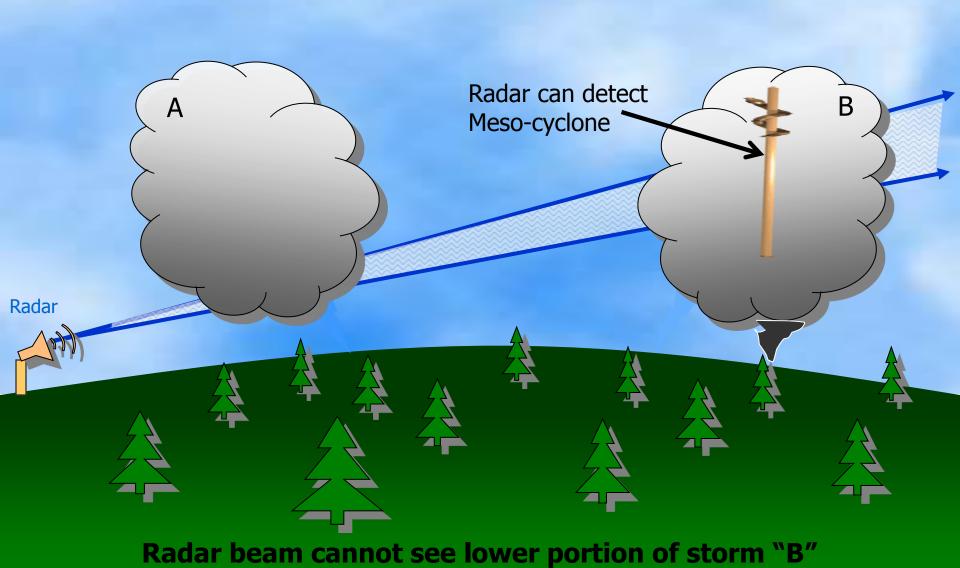
Provide ground-truth reports and observations

We need (more) spotters!!



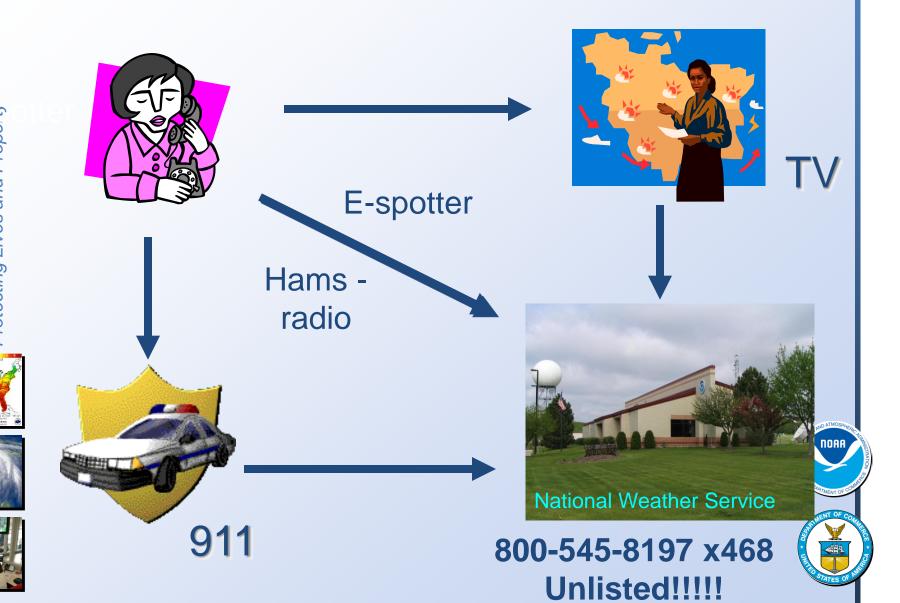


Radar Limitations



National Weather Service

Getting Report to the NWS Office



of the area of least to all 100 and 10





Education Resources Coop Observer Top News Archives

Our Office

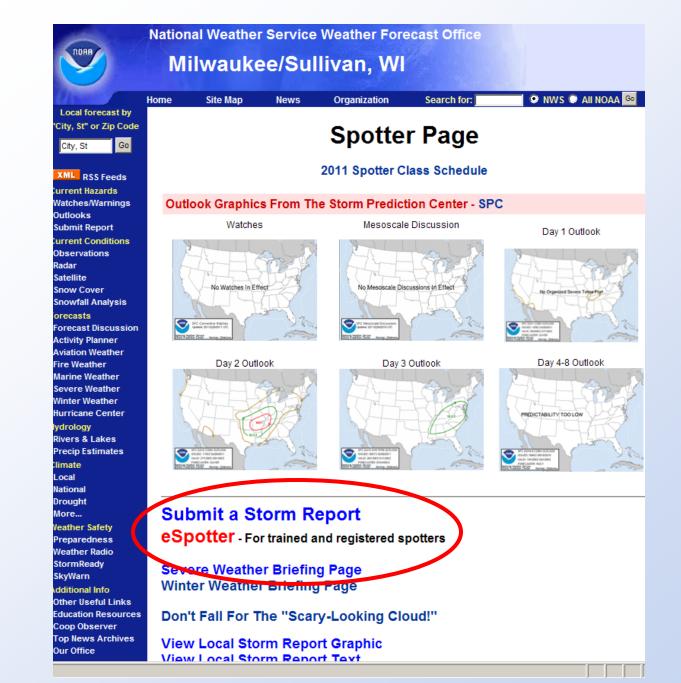
weamer.gov National Weather Service Weather Forecast Office Milwaukee/Sullivan, WI O NWS O All NOAA Go Site Map Home News Organization Search for: Local forecast by Top News of the Day "City, St" or Zip Code Silent Key - For Devoted Ham Radio Operator Rain and Snow Sunday Night City, St How Much Snow Has Fallen? (Updated 2-25-2011) Additional News Headlines XML RSS Feeds Watches & **Current Hazards** Forecast Rivers & Observations Climate Marine Warnings Graphics Lakes Watches/Warnings Outlooks Click on the map below for the latest forecast **Submit Report** Read watches **60 Current Conditions** warnings & Applet on Observations advisories 600 41 Radar La Crosse Satellite Flood Warning **Snow Cover** Sheb oy gan Wisconsin-Dells Flood Advisory **Snowfall Analysis** Beaver Dam Special Weather Forecasts Statement **Forecast Discussion** Hazardous Weather Prairie Du Chien Milwaukee Outlook **Activity Planner Aviation Weather** Hydrologic Outlook Mineral Point Fire Weather Short Term Forecast (3) Janesville Marine Weather 20 Severe Weather Winter Weather Rockford **Hurricane Center** Hydrology Rivers & Lakes Last map update: Sat, Feb. 26, 2011 at 2:04:38 pm CST **Precip Estimates** Latest Conditions in Milwaukee, WI Choose Your Front Page City Climate Feb 26 Local 19°F Select A City: National 1:52 pm (-7°C) Drought Light Snow More... Weather Safety Short Term Preparedness Weather Story Radar Graphicast Satellite Weather Map StormReady SkyWarn Additional Info Other Her ar Links















On-line Report System



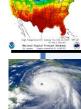
Register on our eSpotter page which can be reached from our SkyWarn Page ...after you have attended a spotter class

Scary-Looking Cloud Club

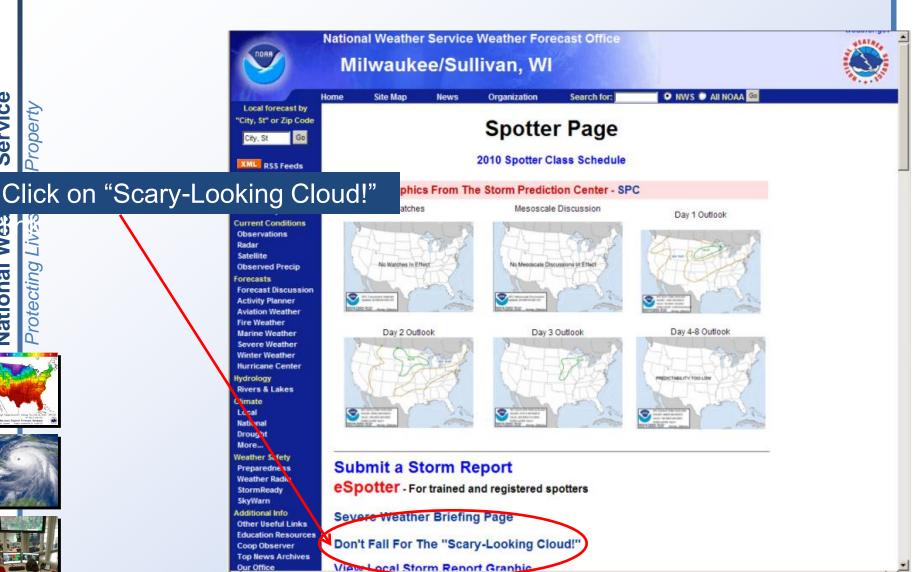




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TATES C

Protecting Lives and Property

SLC Club

Read entire story.

Some embedded links have more info. There are 5 pages of SLC pictures

Local forecast by "City, St" or Zip Code



XML RSS Feeds

Current Hazards
Watches/Warnings
Outlooks
Submit Report
Current Conditions
Observations
Radar
Satellite
Observed Precip
Forecasts

Forecast Discussion Activity Planner Aviation Weather Fire Weather Marine Weather Severe Weather Winter Weather Hurricane Center

Hydrology Rivers & Lakes Climate

Local

National Drought More... Weather Safety Preparedness Weather Radio StormReady SkyWarn

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Welcome To The "Scary-Looking Cloud" Club

To join, all you have to do is email rusty.kapela@noaa.gov and attach your favorite picture of a "Scary Looking Cloud," or SLC for short. Now is the time to join the SLC Club!

Due to an overwhelming response, we can only post the best ones. Hope you understand. Any picture you send to me automatically becomes part of the public domain - for free use by anyone. I will give you credit, as seen in the pictures below.

It would be greatly appreciated if you could reduce the size of your digital picture to something in the range of 500 x 600 prior to emailing it to me.

Scary-looking clouds are cloud fragments that briefly resemble funnel clouds or tornadoes and hang low at the base of the parent clouds. Due to hills and trees blocking your field of view, they may even appear to touch the ground. These kinds of clouds look Scary to some people who might call them in as funnel clouds, or even tornadoes, to the 911 Dispatchers of the local Sheriff Department. This results in false funnel cloud or false tornado reports being relayed to the National Weather Service.

Most false tornado and false funnel cloud reports are associated with **shelf clouds**. Shelf clouds are a low-hanging, horizontal cloud feature attached to the front side of **lines of storms or even a single storm**. Usually there isn't any persistent rotation on a vertical axis within shelf clouds or within individual cloud fragments that extend downward from the shelf cloud, therefore they are just another scaryfal-looking cloud. Shelf clouds often resemble snow plows, big waves, or tsunamis, and can be very scary-looking since they are usually low-hanging. Sometimes they may found only a couple hundred feet above the ground. There are two other phenomena that might resemble tornadoes or funnel clouds, but are not 1) dark rain shafts, or narrow colums of heavy rain, and 2) the white color of a hail shaft, a column of hail extending from the ground to the cloud base, may generate a light-dark contrast with surrounding rain, resulting in what might appear to be a funnel cloud or a tornado to the untrained eye.

Scary-looking clouds are the result of abundant moisture in the atmosphere and sufficient rising motion in the column of air between the ground and the predominate cloud base. The invisible water vapor quickly condenses into a visible cloud fragment which is subsequently raised up to the shelf cloud base.

Cloud fragments within the shelf cloud are rising into the thunderstorm base - this rising motion is referred to as an "updraft" in lines of storms. Shelf clouds can extend horizontally for many miles in length and are your visual indication that the downdraft portion of the thunderstorm line is approaching (behind the shelf cloud, relative to the storm motion). In lines of thunderstorms the updraft is on the forward side and the downdraft is on the backside of the line. The downdraft consists of three things: gusty winds, rain, and possibly hail. Tornadoes rarely develop under or near the shelf cloud because of the lack of persistent, organized, rotation on a vertical axis on the front side of the line of storms. The strongest of downdrafts are called "downbursts" which can produce hurricane-force, straight-line winds of 75 mph to over 100 mph at ground-level, torrential rains, and near-zero visibilities.

Generally, if the shelf cloud and storm are rapidly moving toward you then the gusty winds in the downdraft tend to be stronger. The shelf cloud develops in response to the rain-cooled air associated with the downdraft under-cutting and rapidly lifting up the lighter, warm, moist air found ahead of the line of storms. In Jerry's picture below, the scary-looking, funnel-shaped cloud was not rotating. Therefore it wasn't a true tornado. Actual tornadoes and funnel clouds rotate! If the scary-looking cloud you are looking at is not rotating, it's not a funnel cloud or a tornado, even if it looks like it's touching the ground or almost touching the ground!







NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards

Your own personal siren - your home has a smoke alarm – does it have a weather radio?

- Receive weather information 24 hours a day
- Radio will sound a tone to alert you when a watch/warning has been issued
- Countless times, lives have been saved by NOAA Weather Radio













What do you Report?

- > <u>Tornadoes/Waterspout</u> rotation? Damage?
- > Funnel Clouds (nothing going on at the ground)
- Rotating wall clouds
- Hail stones 1 inch in diameter or larger. Size of quarters (this is warning criteria). Will take ¾ inch and 7/8 inch reports
- Thunderstorm wind gusts 58 mph or higher (report tree/structural damage). Gusts =>58 mph generate Severe Thunderstorm Warnings
- Flooding water over curb covering a road, rainfall amounts => 1 inch
- > Any kind of structural or vegetative damage





Tornado



Stoughton, EF3 Tornado August 18, 2005









Rotating Wall Cloud















Funnel Clouds, by strict definition, do <u>NOT</u> come in contact with the ground, nor do they create a rotating dust/debris cloud at ground-level

> A true *funnel cloud* will ALWAYS be rotating



Tstm Wind Damage/Gusts



Anemometer?
Give us your gust value!





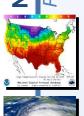








National Weather Service Protecting Lives and Property





Hail



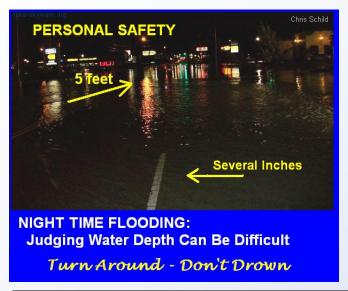








Flash Floods









General Report Format - TLCS

- •<u>Time</u> event occurred?
 - To the nearest minute
- Location of spotter (stationary spotter),
 - GPS coords decimal format to the 3rd decimal
 - or referenced to the nearest city/village, to the nearest 1/10 mile (as the crow flies) and one of 16 compass directions
- •Condition what are you looking at or experiencing
 - what is the event?
- *Source some identification, ID letters, agency, etc.







TLCS

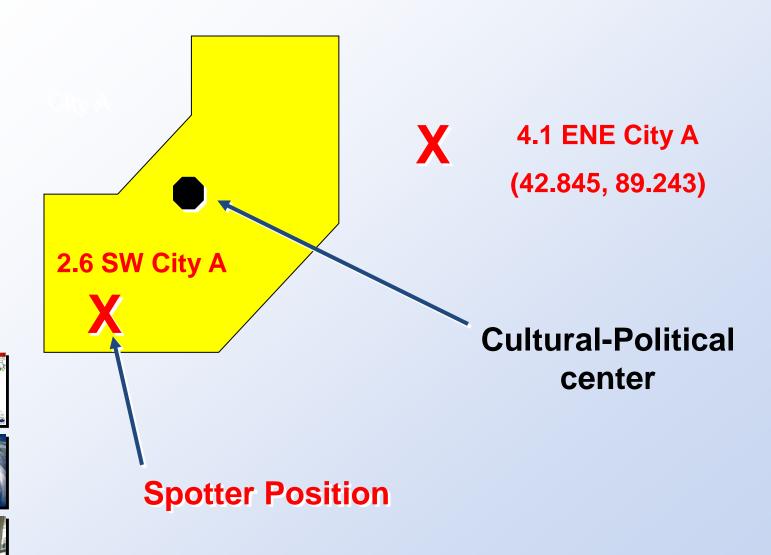








Reference Location





General 911 Report Format

"Hello, I'm a trained severe weather spotter. At 4:05 pm, at a location 1.1 miles north of Saukville in Ozaukee County, I observed softball sized hail." I'm estimating the hail size. My name is...

(Ham report format will be slightly different)

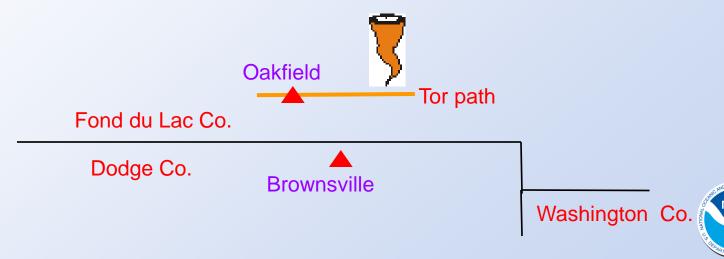
Always mention if the size, speed, in your report is either estimated, or physically measured.





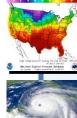
General 911 Report Format

"Hello, I'm a trained severe weather spotter. It's 630 pm. I'm located in Brownsville in Dodge County. I observed a tornado. Dodge County 911Dispatcher tells NWS that tornado is in Brownsville.



Spotter should have told dispatcher that tornado was to the north of them in Fond du Lac County.









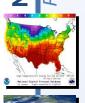
Wisconsin Tornado Stats

Time - most spin up between 3 pm and 9 pm, with 6-7 pm being the busiest.

Months - most occur between April and September, with June being the peak month.

Movement - generally SW to NE, but W to E, and NW to SE movements quite possible.

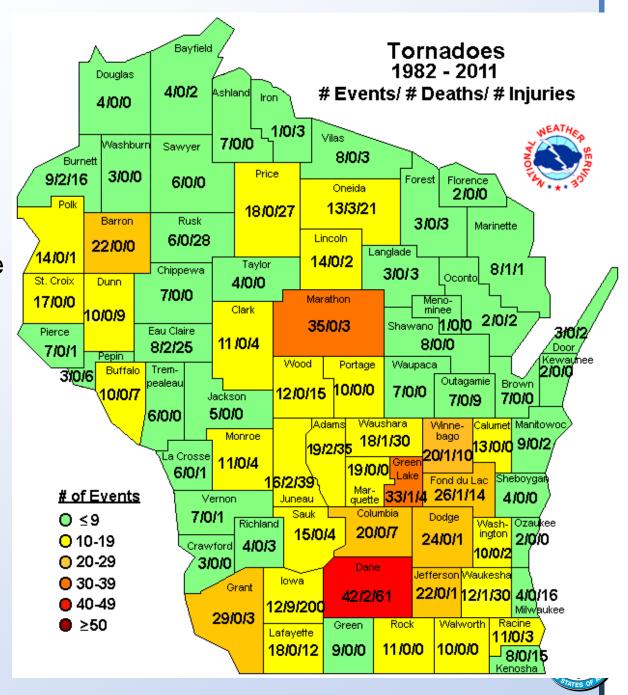
Rotation – over 95% are cyclonic, but both rotations are equally destructive.







Combine Marquette and Green Lake County and you get 52 tornadoes!









Tornado

<u>Tornado</u>: violently rotating column of air extending from the base of a convective cloud to the ground.





Tornado

Tornado in both pictures!









Note: Swirling debris at ground level in both pictures below.

Condensation funnel doesn't have to "touch" ground.



Fake Tornado



What Do You See?

Oakfield, WI - July 18, 1996

- Reached F5 intensity
- 30 minute duration
- Maximum path width of 400 yards
- 13.3 mile path length
- \$40.5 million in damages
- 12 injuries



Don Lloyd video

705-735 pm... people could see it, county fair in progress, and Oakfield police officers and fire fighters recognized when they had a tornado and activated their sirens...prior to the condensation funnel reaching ground

Scary-Looking Clouds!















Caution

- "Better safe than sorry" means "not passing on a false tornado or funnel cloud report.
- Human weakness adrenaline & excitement can undo months of training.
- You know enough to be dangerous if you're not sure....don't call in your report!

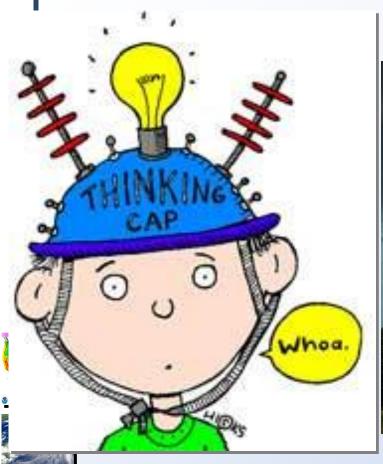








Quiz Time!









Tornado or Funnel Cloud?

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Tornado, Funnel or SLC?



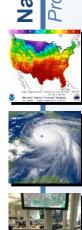
National Weather Service

Personal Safety

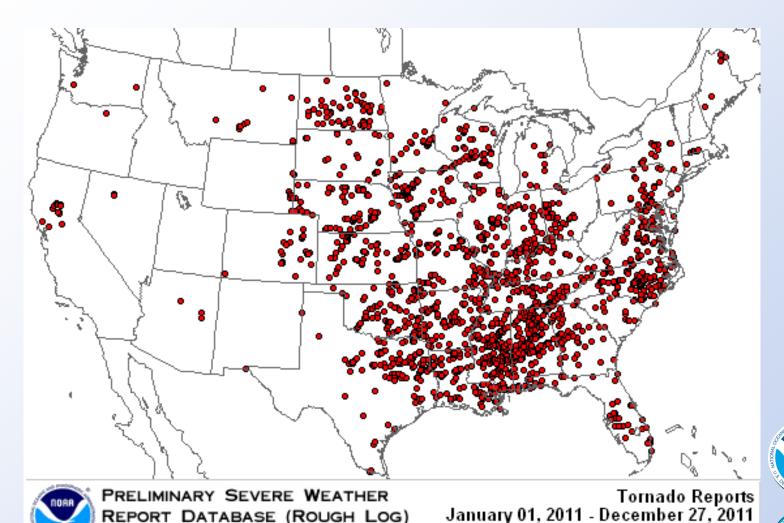


This was a weak tornado – what about a strong or violent tornado?





2011 U.S. Tornadoes



Updated: Tuesday December 27, 2011 16:35 CT

NOAA/Storm Prediction Center Norman, Oklahoma



National Weather Service

End of Basic Class!!!

